5 <u>CLAIMS</u>

1. A synchronization circuit, comprising:

a local timestamp counter configured to generate a local timestamp value; and

a processing circuit configured to receive synchronization pulses and a master

timestamp value for a next synchronization pulse,

the processing circuit identifying the local timestamp value at the next received

synchronization pulse and synchronizing the local timestamp counter according to the

identified local timestamp value and the master timestamp value.

2. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 wherein the processing circuit is

located in a Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS) and receives the master timestamp

value from another CMTS.

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3. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 wherein the processing circuit

receives the master timestamp value asynchronously in Internet Protocol (IP) packets

20 received over an IP connection.

4. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 including a holding register

configured to store the received master timestamp value.

25 5. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 wherein the processor starts

generating the master timestamp value and starts sending the master timestamp value to other

synchronization circuits.

5 6. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 wherein the synchronization pulse

has a rate of somewhere between 8 Kilo Hertz and 1 Hertz.

7. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 wherein the processing circuit

identifies an error condition according to a number of times the local timestamp counter is

synchronized with the master timestamp value.

8. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 including multiple line cards in a

same Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS) chassis that each have local timestamp

counters that are adjusted according to the received master timestamp value and local

timestamp values at the next received synchronization pulse.

9. The synchronization circuit according to claim 1 including a first CMTS including

one or more line cards that are used for downstream channels and a second CMTS including

one or more line cards that are used for upstream channels, cable modems receiving data on

the downstream channels of the first CMTS and sending data on the upstream channels of the

second CMTS.

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10. A synchronization system, comprising:

a master synchronization circuit configured to identify a reference timestamp value at

a first one of multiple synchronization pulses and estimates a master timestamp value for a

later occurring one of the synchronization pulses according to the reference timestamp value,

the master synchronization circuit forwarding the master timestamp value to a slave

synchronization circuit for synchronizing at the later synchronization pulse.

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11. The system according to claim 10 wherein the master synchronization circuit derives

master timestamp values for a subset of the synchronization pulses.

12. The system according to claim 10 wherein the master synchronization circuit sends

the master timestamp value asynchronously to the slave synchronization circuit over an IP

network.

13. The system according to claim 10 including a first Cable Modem Termination

Systems (CMTS) having a first chassis containing the master synchronization circuit and a

second CMTS having a second separate chassis containing the slave synchronization circuit.

14. The system according to claim 13 including multiple lines cards in at least one of the

first and second CMTS that includes multiple slave circuits each synchronized the master

timestamp value at the later occurring synchronization pulse.

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15. The system according to claim 10 wherein the slave synchronization circuit adjusts

the received master timestamp value according to an amount of delay associated with

receiving the synchronization pulses.

16. A method for synchronizing circuitry, comprising:

receiving a master timestamp value for an upcoming time reference over an

asynchronous connection;

generating a local timestamp value;

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comparing the local timestamp value at the upcoming time reference with the master timestamp value; and

synchronizing the local timestamp value according to the comparison.

- 17. A method according to claim 16 including determining a period for the time reference

 10 and then estimating the master timestamp value by adding the determined period to a

 timestamp counter value at a current pulse of the time reference.
 - 18. A method according to claim 16 including receiving the master timestamp value from a first cable modem termination system (CMTS) and using the master timestamp value to synchronize a timing circuit in a second CMTS.
 - 19. A method according to claim 16 including:synchronizing the timing circuitry in a first Cable Modem Termination System(CMTS) with the timing circuitry in a second CMTS;
 - using the first CMTS to send data to cable modems; and using the second CMTS to receive data from the same cable modems.
 - 20. A method according to claim 16 including receiving the master timestamp value in a Internet Protocol (IP) message.

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